Tanta University	Topic: Theory of Elasticity
Faculty of Science	Date:12-01-2013
Math. Department	Time; 3 hours 4th Year
Authorities and the second sec	ster Exam. (Jan. 2013)
Please cinsurer the follows	
[](a) Derive the surface Condition	
on area inclined to the co-ordi	
(b) for a stress tensor t	/7 0 -3 \
Calculate: H.H. A. Z	= 0 4 0
Ni and li, mi, ni	
2 Derive Tun, Tun and and then in plane yx a	Tuw in general form
- Tuv and Tuw [Plot you	r answer]
3)(a) Derive exh, eyh, ezh in	terms of u, v, and w
(b) when u= xyz2, U=y2	7, and W= x2y2 Calculate
exh, eyh, and ezh at	point (1,2,1) , l=m=n
9 00 000	1
(a) Derive the differential con	of equilibrium in plane (r,0)
D'On the basis of Fourier's mi	ethod, prove that the
(a) Derive the differential come. (b) On the basis of Fourier's median vibrations of	of or Bair Salisty of Pox2
5 @ on the basis of elas	ticity principals
prove that Txx =10 +	2/Lexx
$\frac{\chi}{\zeta_{yy} = \lambda \delta}$	+ 2 M Cyy
	,
$\frac{\zeta_{7} - \lambda_{9}}{\zeta_{1}}$	+ 2MCZZ
	coefficients 27 M, E, K
when or =0.39 l	
and TE	23
	7 3 5 4 4 0
The state of the s	
with best i	wishes

Answer the following questions

1- (a) Prove that if (X,Y) has a bivariate normal distribution, then X and Y are independent if and only if X and Y are uncorrelated.

(b) Given two random variables (r.v.'s) X and Y with joint probability mass function

	x 0	1	2
у			
0	0.1	0.1	0
1	K	0.2	0.1
2	0	0.1	0.1
3	0.1	0	0.2

Find: K, the correlation coefficient $\rho(X,Y)$ and E(X/Y=2).

2-(a) Find the characteristic function of the random variable $Y = (X - np) / \sqrt{npq}$, where X follows the binomial distribution.

(b) Suppose that the joint probability density function (p.d.f.) of X and Y is given by

$$f(x,y) = 4y(x-y)e^{-x-y}, 0 \le x \le \infty, 0 \le y \le x$$
.

Compute E(X/Y = y).

3- (a) If the probability mass function (p. m. f.) of the random variable X is

$$f_x(x) = \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{x-1}$$
, $x = 1, 2, 3, ...$, then find the p. m. f. of $Y = X^2$.

(b) If the joint probability mass function of the discrete r. v.'s X and

Y is
$$f(x,y) = \frac{\lambda^y}{(y-x)! \, x!} e^{-2\lambda}, x = 0,1,2,...,y$$
 and $y = 0,1,2,...,y$

then calculate $f_y(y)$ and the conditional variance of X given that Y=3.

4- (a) If $X_1, X_2, ..., X_n$ are independent and identically distributed r.v.'s having an

exponential distribution with parameter μ , then find the distribution of

$$Z = X_1 + X_2 + \ldots + X_n.$$

(b) Let X_1 and X_2 be a random sample of size 2 from the distribution having p. d.f. $f(x) = e^{-x}$, x > 0.

Find the p. d. f. of $Y = X_1 + X_2$ and the p. d. f. of $Z = \frac{X_1}{X_1 + X_2}$.

FOR PROSPECTIVE STUDENTS (4TH YEAR) STUDENTS OF MATHEMATICS TITLE: GENERAL RELATIVITY & ELECTRODYNAMICS | COURSE CODE: 14016

TOTAL ASSESSMENT MARKS: 63

TIME ALLOWED: 3 HOURS

Answer 5 questions only:

- 1- i) Consider the boundary between free space and a perfect dielectric having $\varepsilon_r = 9$, $\mu_r = 1$ and $\sigma = 0$. If a uniform plane wave $E_I = \cos(\omega t - \frac{4\pi}{3}z)\hat{l}$ and frequency of 200MHz is incident from free space normal to the dielectric. Find the time domain forms of the reflected and transmitted fields.
 - ii) Consider an electric field $\underline{E}=E_0\,r\,e^{-at}\,\hat{\underline{k}}$, where E_0 is constant. Find the magnetic field produced by this varying field.
- 2- Derive the reflection and transmission coefficient through linear media.
- 3- Discuss the TM waves guided by a rectangular guide.
- 4- Discuss Einstein field equations, then by using the Bianchi identity:

$$R_{ijk//l}^n + R_{ikl//j}^n + R_{ilj//k}^n = 0$$
, Prove that $G_{j//i}^i = 0$

- 5- i) Using $(A_i B_j)_{//k} = A_i (B_{j//k}) + (A_{i//k}) B_j$ determine $A_{ij//k}$, $(A_{i//j})_{//k}$
 - ii) Prove that the derivative of a scalar function is a covariant vector (tensor).
 - iii) Show that $g^{\alpha\beta}g_{\alpha\beta}=n$ for n-dimensional space.
- 6- Prove that i) $\Gamma_{jk}^{i} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x^{k}} \ln \sqrt{g}$
 - ii) [p q, r] = [q p, r]
 - iii) $[p q, r] = g_{r,s} \Gamma_{p,q}^{s}$

EXAM	INERS
	1112110

TANTA UNIVERSITY **FACULTY OF SCIENCE** COMPUTER DEPARTMENT



CODE 14045 (شعب: كيمياء) CODE 14045

COURSE

COMPUTER (DATABASE

- 19A9 TITLE:	PRINCIPALS)	
DATE: 21-1-2013	30 DEGREES	TIME 2 HOURS
1	tatements, Put the $(\ \ \)$ sign beside the incor	
Set of State of the St	an contain up to 4 columns head	er
(b) In database Report	t we can make up to 4 grouping a	
according up to 12	a Form can be used to make a cal	lculation
	none Number in a table of databa	
(e) More conditions in	the same Criteria raw in query	design view
make (OR) Conditi	ions between many Records	(5 Degrees)
(a) A primary Key ca	g statements and Complete it: annot allow and must b	nave a
index (b) To create a many to need To	to many relationships between twable	o tables we
(c) The type of a field	containing a Photo in a table mu	st be
	a report page are	and but but but not not but but but but but put and also fail but put and
and		
68-1 C-1	pes of queries such as	- A A
,	New York and Mark College and New York College and	(5 Degrees)
3- (a) Define only two	of the following:	
Expression Build	ler- Table Record - AutoForm	
(b) Write the function	ons of only two of the following:	
Form - Find Uni	matched Query - Report	
		(10 Degrees)
4- Answer only two of t) an and make m 4h a
Report Wizard	ent steps necessary to create a R	report using the
	ods used to create an AutoForm	
	ake criteria in a query	(10 Degrees)



TANTA UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF SCIENCE

COMPUTER LAB.

EXAMINAION FOR FOURTH YEAR STUDENTS

COURSE TITLE: Computer

TERM SIDE TOTAL AGE

TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS

DATE: , JAN, 2013

TERM: FIRST

TOTAL ASSESSMENT MARKS: 30

First question: (10 Marks)

Put (\checkmark) or (x) in front of each phrase:

- You can't add Many-To-Many relationship to two tables. ()
- There exists a relation between One-To- One relationship and the primary key ()
- To obtain a report on the all fields of a table we use the Wizard method ()
- No deference between the query and the form ()
- The AutoReport gives a report for the all fields of query ().

Second question: - (8 Marks)

Third question: (12 Marks)

- a- Define the primary key.
- b- State the creating methods of the tables (state the steps in every method).

- a Define the Data word and the concept of the database.
- b- In a table, write the deference between the Design View and Wizard methods to obtain a report.

انتهت الأسئلة مع كل التمنيات بالتوفيق



TANTA UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF SCIENCE MATHEMATIC DEPARTMENT



Final Writing Examination

Subject: Al & Prolog Language

Examiner: Dr. Ing. Mahmoud Othman

Time Duration: 3h

Code: 14024

4th Year (Statistic & Computer Science)

Term: Sep./ Jan. 2012/2013

Answer all of the following questions:

Q1:

- a. Define each of the following: Heuristic function, Completeness, Space Complexity and Admissible?
- b. Write a prolog program to calculate the roots of the equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$?
- c. Write a prolog program using the relation: Evenaverage(L,L1,AV) where L is a list of integer numbers, L1 is a list contains all even numbers of L and AV is the average of L1?

Q2:

- a. What are the advantages and disadvantages of Depth-first and Breadth-first Search?
- b. Compare among Diskstra's algorithm, A*, and Greedy Best-first Search from the point of view: optimality and completeness?
- c. Discuss the generate-and-test algorithm?

Q3:

a. Explain the hill climbing algorithm, and then try to solve the 8-puzzle problem using it. Can you find a heuristic function that makes this work? Apply the algorithm using your heuristic function on the following example:

		Start:	
	8	2	6
	1		4
Ī	7	3	5

1	2	3
8		4
7	6	5

b. Compare between Bi-directional Search and Iterative Deepening?

Q4:

a. Write a Prolog program using Depth-first search strategy to highlight all paths from initial start state to a goal state?

b. In some details, discuss the tasks of an artificial intelligence?

Q5: The mathematical function Fibonacci is defined as follows:

f(n)=f(n-1)+f(n-2) if n>1 such that f(0)=0 and f(1)=1.

- a. Write a prolog procedure fibonacci (N,F) that receives a nonnegative integer N and returns F the fibonacci of N?
- b. Discuss the efficiency of the procedure developed in part (a)?
- c. Write another procedure to calculate fibonacci value of N that is more efficient than the one developed in part (a)?

Goodluck

دور ناید ۱۲-۷ (قصم : ۲-۱۷عات (Bes: (Glize (Jarolegane))

al ses did dus Peter en Redonts

less an O listo ead = 1) a. Define M.SX and give 3 examples. b. Solve I-E y3(x) = c3 d3 5x y3(t) dt 3 a. P.t d(x,y)= VIX-yI is a dist-F in R b- P.t ||f||=√ln2, if f(x)=√(x+1)(x+3) € [0,3] (3) a. Give 3 examples of N·S X. b. P.t (x ⊥ y) (x-y, x+y)= ||x||^2 - ||y||^2 $(4) \ d \cdot \left[\begin{array}{c} X \\ X \end{array} \right] \longrightarrow \left[\begin{array}{c} X \end{array} \right] \longrightarrow \left[\begin{array}{c} X \\ X \end{array} \right] \longrightarrow \left[\begin{array}{c} X \end{array} \right] \longrightarrow \left[\begin{array}{c} X \\ X \end{array} \right] \longrightarrow \left[\begin{array}{c} X \end{array} \right] \longrightarrow \left[\begin{array}{c} X$ C. Pt ||f||=√ln13, if f(x)=√\(\frac{50}{\times(x^2+25)} \in \frac{50}{\times(x^2+25)} \in \frac{1}{\times(1,5)} 5 a. Give 3 examples of L.5X b- Pt F(x)=(x,c) is L.F-B.F-C.F 6 a. P.t: A is contra. Up >> A3 is contra. Up b. P. t f₁, f₂, f₃ are L. dep, if: $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}, f_{2}(x) = \frac{x}{x+g}, f_{3}(x) = \frac{18}{x(x^{2}+9)}$

es du faite, Miss ... P.c enter le far

4th year of Mathematics Statistical Mechanics Time: 3 hours January 2013

Answer the Following Questions:

- 1- (a) Prove that Maxwell distribution: $N(v) = 4\pi v^2 N(\frac{m}{2\pi KT})^{3/2} \exp(-\frac{mv^2}{2KT})$
 - (b) Use contribution of the mean free path in flow of density to find the diffusion coefficient.
- 2- (a) Use the Maxwell velocity distribution to find that: (i) PV=NKT
 - (ii) The total force on the wall of a cubical box with sides of length d.
 - (iii) Find the number of molecules hitting / cm² of the wall per sec. in x- direction.
 - (b) Let N=7 with macrostates (2, 4, 1), (0, 2, 5), (1, 3, 3). Find \hat{n}_r , r = 1, 2, 3
- 3- (a) Show that the Boltzmann statistics distribution is given by

$$n_{k} = \left(\frac{N}{\sum_{k=1}^{r} e^{-\varepsilon_{k}/KT}}\right) e^{-\varepsilon_{k}/KT}$$

- (b) Find an expression for the average energy of molecules having 1-D harmonic motion, assume that the gas molecules obey a Boltzmann statistics.
- 4-(a) Consider an ideal gas consisting of N particles obeying Boltzmann classical statistics. Suppose that the energy of an particle ε is proportional to the magnitude of momentum p, ε = cp. Find the thermodynamic functions of this ideal gas without considering the internal structure of the particles.
- (b) Calculate the Fermi potential μ and the internal energy E of an ideal Fermi gas composed of particles of spin 1/2 up to terms of the order T^4 when the degeneracy is sufficiently high.



TANTA UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF SCIENCE DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

EXAMINATION FOR STATISTIC+COMPUTER SCIENCE (FOURTH YEAR) STUDENTS

COURSE TITLE: TOPOLOGY+ OPERATION RES.(2)+NUMERICAL ANAL.(2) COURSE CODE:14025 5/1/2013 TERM:FINAL FIRST | TOTAL ASSESSMENT MARKS: 90 TIME ALLOWED: 3 H. DATE:

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUSETION:

[1] (a) Prove that the intersection of two neighborhoods of a point p of a space X is a neighborhood of p. (6 deg.)

b) Prove that a mapping f from a space X into a space Y is continuous iff the inverse image of each closed set in Y is closed in X.

(6 deg.)

c) If A is a subset of a space X, show that $(\overline{X-A}) = X - A^{\circ}$.

(6 deg.)

d) Let $A = \{\{a, b, c\}, \{c, d\}, \{d, e\}\}\$ be a class of subsets of $X = \{a, b, c, d, e\}$. Find the topology on X generated by A.

(5deg.)

[2] (a) Define the following notation:

Convex Set, Polyhedron, Concave Function, Extreme point, Convex NLP, Optimal Solution.

(6 deg.)

(b) Determine whether each of the following function is convex, concave or neither (for $x \in \mathbb{R}$)!

$$1 - f_1(x) = x^2$$
, $f_2(x) = e^x$, $f_3(x) = \ln x$, $f_4(x) = 1/x$, $f_5(x) = 1/x^2$ (5 deg.)

(c) Using the Lagrange multipliers to find the optimal solution of the following NLP:

$$Max z = -x_1^2 - x_2^2 + x_1x_2 + 8x_1 + 3x_2$$
 s.t. $3x_1 + x_2 = 10$. (6 deg.)

(d) Find the local and optimal point of the following NLP problems

$$Max f(x) = x(10-x)$$
 s.t. $0 \le x \le 10$. (5 deg)

[3] (a) Define ill and well conditioned problems, then discuss the stability of the following numerical procedure w.r.to its initial values when applied the initial problem: $y = f(x, y), y(x_0) = y_0$:

$$y_n = y_{n-2} + \frac{h}{3} [f(x_{n-2}, y_{n-2}) + 4f(x_{n-1}, y_{n-1}) + f(x_n, y_n)], \quad n \ge 2.$$
 (8 deg.)

(b) By the methods of lines, derive the general solution for the following homogenous mixed problem:

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}, \quad u(x,0) = 0 \quad (0 \le x \le X)$$

$$u(0, t) = 0, \quad u(X, t) = 0, \quad (0 \le t \le T)$$

$$(7 \text{ deg.})$$

(c) Show how you can apply the method of finite differences to solve the following boundary value problem, numerically:

$$x^{2}y'' + xy' + y = 7x, x \in [0,1]$$

 $y(0) - y'(0) = 2$ (8 deg.)
 $y(1) + y'(1) = -1, h = 0.05$

[4] (a) Find the approximate solution for the following linear Fredholm integral equation:

$$X(t) = \frac{t+1}{2} + \int_{0}^{t} (s+1)e^{-ts^{2}}X(s)ds, \quad t[0,1]$$
 (7 deg.)

(b) Find the general solution for the following linear difference equation:

$$f(x+1) + (2x-1)f(x) = x^2 + 1.$$
 (8 deg.)

(c) Apply the method of nets to compute the numerical solution of the following mixed problem:

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + tx^2, \quad u(x,0) = \ln(2-x), \quad \frac{\partial u(x,0)}{\partial t} = 0 \quad (0 \le x \le 1)$$

$$u(0, t) = \ln 2, \quad u(1, t) = 0, \quad (t \ge 0), \quad h = \ell = 0.2$$
(7 deg.)

TANTA UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF SCIENCE DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

EXAMINATION FOR (FOURTH YEAR) STUDENTS OF MATHEMATICAL STATISTICS

COURSE TITLE: STATISTICAL INFERENCE (2)

COURSE CODE: 14022

DATE:21-1-2013

JAN.2013 TERM: 1

TOTAL ASSESSMENT MARKS: 90 TIME ALLOWED: 3 HOURS

Answer the following Questions:

QUESTION 1:

- a) State and prove Neyman and Fisher theorem.
- b) Find the p.d.f. of maximum and minimum of a random sample of size m from a population with p.d.f. g(x) and distribution function G(x).

QUESTION 2:

Derive the statistic of the test of equality of several means.

QUESTION 3:

- a) State and prove Neyman Pearson theorem.
- b) Let $X_1, X_2, ..., X_m$ be a random sample of size m from $N(\theta_1, \theta_2)$. Let $H_0: \theta_1 = 0, \theta_2 > 0$, and $H_1: \theta_1 \neq 0, \theta_2 \succ 0$. Explain how to test H_0 against all alternatives in H_1 .

QUESTION 4:

- a) Let X_1 and X_2 be a random sample of size 2 from exponential distribution with parameter $\frac{1}{\theta}$. Consider $H_0: \theta = 2$, and $H_1: \theta = 4$. Find the best critical region.
- b) Derive the confidence interval for σ^2 .

EXAMINERS	PROF. DR. A. R. EL-NAMOURY	DR/
EAAMINERS	DR. A. M. T. ABD EL-BAR	DR/

With best wishes